# **Ashton CEVC Primary School**

# Cosgrove Village Primary School





# **Teaching and Learning Policy**

"Wisdom strengthens the wise more than ten rulers of the city."

Ecclesiastes 7:19

#### Our school is drivers are:

Ambition – we want our children to be life-long learners with high aspirations. We have high expectations of the children's outcomes.

Belonging – we want out children to develop a sense of belonging both in our school and as citizens of modern Britain.

Communication – we want out children to be effective communicators, whether that be spoken, written or non-verbal forms of communication.

Diversity – as our school is not reflective of the diversity of modern Britain we aim to prepare our children for their future in multi-cultural Britain.

Empowerment – we want our children to be empowered in different ways in school, taking ownership of their learning and striving to be the best that they can be.

## **Purpose**

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This policy promotes best practice and establishes consistency in Teaching and Learning across the whole school. It aims to ensure that all children are provided with high quality learning experiences that lead to a consistently high level of pupil achievement and attitude.

Head Teacher	Date January 2023
Chair of Governors	Date

#### **CONTENTS**

- 1. Aims
- 2. The supportive learning environment
- 3. The physical environment
- 4. Display
- 5. The curriculum
- 6. Focus weeks/days
- 7. Pupil Outcomes
- 8. The learning journey
- 9. Questioning
- 10. Learning styles
- 11. The assessment priority is assessment for learning
- 12. Equal opportunities
- 13. Techniques to support effective learning
- 14. Working with others
- 15. Homework
- 16. Extended provision

#### 1. Aims

Our aim is to enable our pupils to be resilient, resourceful, responsible learners who have the confidence, skills and attitudes to be successful life-long achievers. We aim to promote a learning culture so that pupils engender a love of learning and the desire to continue to learn. We aim to give our pupils every opportunity to succeed.

Through this policy we aim to promote best practice and to establish consistency across the whole school. It aims to ensure that the children are provided with high quality learning experiences that lead to a consistently high level of pupil achievement and attitude.

# 2. The Supportive Learning Environment

Teachers are responsible for providing a caring, supportive and stimulating learning environment in which all children are helped to reach their emotional and academic potential.

Children learn best when they feel safe to take on challenges, are interested and motivated and feel valued. We recognise the importance of building positive self-esteem in children

# 3. The Physical Environment

There are positive effects on standards and motivation of pupils associated with the physical environment. Factors include the use of displays, music, the use of resources including ICT, the consideration of pupil groupings in the physical layout of the room. Teachers are responsible for ensuring classrooms are an exciting, stimulating and welcoming place to be by:

- Arranging furniture and space to create a safe, flexible learning environment including a carpet focus area
- Creating a topic focussed environment which stimulates interest in the theme of study e.g. wall/door display, themed book corner or role play area
- Making sure the equipment is labelled and accessible to promote independent learning
- Creating a space for each student; labelling trays, where applicable, and pegs
- Teaching, and expecting, children to respect and care for their environment

- Ensuring classrooms are inviting and all areas are clear and clutter free
- Providing an inviting book corner/area
- Creating role play areas (where and when relevant)

### 4. Display

We use display primarily to support, reinforce and celebrate learning. Display should aid recall, stimulate further thinking, give new information, make connections, celebrate achievement, remind children of rules and targets and motivate children towards further learning.

Each class across school should have:

- A learning/working wall which contains relevant information to support in writing, maths and other areas of the curriculum where relevant.
- Modelled examples illustrating the Talk 4 Writing text
- Topic displays that are innovative and use captions to effectively generate interest/celebrate work.
- School Rules, Curriculum Drivers and Termly Values Poster.
- Visual timetable on display at all times during the day using Widgit symbols where appropriate
- Displays that reflect the make-up of modern Britain, i.e. positive images of culturally diverse groups and images that challenge stereotypes of gender and disability.

#### 5. The Curriculum

Teachers are responsible for maintaining a very good subject and pedagogical knowledge and for ensuring the best possible learning opportunities are planned, delivered and monitored. All adults are expected to be leaders of learning, attending courses, observing good practice, building and disseminating knowledge and best practice.

### KS1 and KS2:

We use the objectives from the National Curriculum for English and maths to underpin the taught curriculum. Literacy is at the heart of our curriculum. Classes have an over-arching topic each term. Teachers plan lessons using the National Curriculum to ensure children receive their entitlement. Teachers may use schemes of work, for example White Rose in Maths, but are expected to tailor it to meet the needs of the children in their class/group. Wherever possible, links are made to real life experiences to make the curriculum relevant. Cross-curricular links are created to promote and further develop reading, writing and mathematical skills.

#### FYFS.

Opportunities are created for the children to explore all areas of the EYFS framework; with the focus being primarily on the Prime areas to ensure all children have a strong foundation on which to build.

# 5. Focus Weeks/Days

Throughout the year we hold some focus days/weeks with a particular subject focus. For example, we may have an Art Week or a DT week to enable the children to be fully emersed in their Art and DT learning. The aim of this approach is to raise the profile and enthusiasm for an area and to provide children with the opportunity to practise their skills and develop new interests. It also ensures that adequate time is given to these non-core areas of the curriculum

#### 6. Pupil Outcomes

Educating children to ensure they grow up to lead safe, happy, healthy and successful lives is at the heart of what we do. Through direct teaching and extended school provision we aim to integrate and promote these ideals through the curriculum so that all pupils can.

- Be healthy
- Stay safe
- Enjoy and achieve
- Make a positive contribution
- · Achieve economic well being

We provide opportunities for learning in these areas through the PSHE and wider curriculum, through the use of visits and visitors e.g. fire brigade, police officers and through the participation in community or charity based events.

## 7. The Learning Journey

Teachers are responsible for the planning, preparation and delivery of opportunities which enable learners, in relation to their starting points, to achieve very high standards. This requires a thorough knowledge of each individual in the class (prior attainment, targets, learning needs, language stage, cultural backgrounds and interests) it also requires very good subject knowledge with effective planning and stimulating use of strategies, resources and personnel to enable all pupils to learn effectively.

Teachers are expected to create a secure and friendly environment in which high levels of good behaviour are maintained. Our aim as teachers is to enable learners to thrive, enjoy and develop the skills and capacity to work independently and collaboratively making good progress in all aspects of their learning. As a staff, we constantly consider teaching style, environment, rules and expectations of behaviour to ensure that every child is feeling confident, happy and secure. Recognising and celebrating success through assemblies is very important. We ensure that there is a broad range of opportunities for everyone to shine. Children are grouped according to the aims of the lessons. For literacy and maths this is sometimes by academic ability, however throughout the day it may be mixed ability or friendships. Activities are differentiated to meet learning needs. Our SENDCo coordinates support for those with special educational needs.

### 8. Questioning

The use of open and closed questioning is vital to teaching and learning. Questions are used to assess children's starting points, to deepen understanding and to check children's progress.

A range of question types should be used from literal to higher order. Children must always be given thinking time and a range of strategies are employed in this school to facilitate a 'no hands up' approach: talk partners, think-pair-share. We teach children how to raise their own questions and how to use a range of techniques to find the answers to questions that have been posed.

#### 9. Learning Styles

We recognise children learn in different ways and therefore plan and deliver a differentiated approach to engage all learners. A wide range of resources, including those available on interactive whiteboards, are available. We recognise multiple intelligences and differing learning styles by providing a range of opportunities for pupils to demonstrate their understanding. These include opportunities for pupils to communicate ideas through speaking and listening, writing, story mapping, music, drama, ICT, art, investigation and problem solving, research and finding out, asking and answering questions, creative activities, debates, role-plays, oral presentations and designing and making things.

Throughout the day, pupils engage in whole-class work, group work, paired work and independent work. We aim for each session to include different activities. We make good use of 'talk partners' and we model, encourage and praise co-operative learning.

# 10. Assessment for Learning

Assessment lies at the heart of the process of promoting children's learning. It provides a framework within which educational objectives may be set and children's progress expressed and monitored. This should be done in partnership with the children.

Assessment should be incorporated systematically into teaching strategies in order to diagnose any problems and chart progress. It helps the school to strengthen learning across the curriculum and helps teachers enhance their skills and judgements. Our assessment procedures are free from bias, stereotyping and generalisation in respect of gender, class, race and disability.

# **Principles**

Using the principles and processes of assessment, we aim to:

- · Monitor progress and support learning
- Recognise the achievements of pupils
- Guide future planning, teaching and curriculum development
- Inform parents and the wider community of pupil achievement
- Provide information to ensure continuity when the pupil changes school or year group
- Comply with statutory requirements

A Learning Objective is shared (written or spoken) during each session so children understand the purpose of the lesson, at the end children are guided to assess their progress and discuss how they have achieved. Teachers are constantly assessing; they observe, ask questions and work with groups and individuals throughout the day. Work where possible is marked alongside the child. Marking is minimal and focused on feedback for future learning.

We also value summative assessments of learning, where the children are assessed against national standards. We use a variety of resources and use the results intelligently to record progress and to predict future levels of attainment.

Three times each year, teachers in Years 1 - 6 record the attainment in reading, writing, and maths on the school tracking system (Target Tracker) for each individual pupil.

On entry to school in EYFS, children complete the statutory baseline assessment. Assessments of children throughout FS are integral to good practice as observations recording significant learning for each child are collected to create a Learning Journey (Tapestry). Results of assessment are used to inform planning, set targets and aid early identification of special needs. At the end of Reception all children are assessed against the Early Learning Goals.

Senior leaders discuss with teachers assessment results on a termly basis during Pupil Progress Meetings. Children that have made limited or no progress are the initial focus, with discussions around reducing, or removing, the barriers to learning that these children face. Further discussions around those children that are at ARE, focus on how these children may be challenged to exceed ARE.

Teachers meet with parents individually to discuss progress, at the end of the first half term, the end of the fourth term and then write detailed reports for each child in the summer term.

# 11. Equal Opportunities

The delivery and content of lessons should be sufficiently differentiated to ensure all pupils can access and achieve within the curriculum. Teachers must take account of SEND, gifted and talented, and language stage needs when planning and teaching lessons to ensure learning opportunities are provided which match pupils' ability and potential.

## 12. Techniques to Support Effective Learning

# **Trips and visitors**

We are fortunate to be located within easy reach of a variety of interesting and educational places which we use to enhance the curriculum and stimulate learning. Teachers should plan a minimum of one visit/visitor per term with a range of experiences being provided across the year.

Teachers must obtain written permission from parents/carers before a child can go out.

#### 13. Working with Others

#### **Parents**

We actively encourage the participation of parents as partners in learning and aim to create a welcoming atmosphere.

- Parents are informed of their children's targets, learning foci and ways to support learning through a termly information sheet written by the class teacher.
- Two official parent/teacher meetings are held across the year but parents are entitled to make an appointment to see the teacher at other times. Teachers are expected to raise any concerns about a child's learning or behaviour with parents as soon as possible so that work can be done in partnership to resolve issues.

#### **Teaching assistants**

Each team has assigned teaching assistants; teachers are responsible for the effective direction and deployment of TAs to support learning. Teachers hold regular planning and feedback meetings with TAs and are responsible for ensuring learning intentions and activities are clear.

#### Governors

Our governors monitor how effective teaching and learning strategies are in terms of raising pupil attainment and through the school self-review processes. They are kept informed by visiting the school, as well as attending meetings and reading reports by the Head teacher and other key staff.

#### **Specialist support**

Additional support is provided to identified pupils so all children can access the curriculum and fulfil their potential. Support may be given to assist pupils with special educational needs, to pupils who speak English as an additional language or to extend those with a specific gift or talent.

#### 14. Homework

It is vital that a strong partnership is built with parents and homework gives the chance for parents to become involved in their child's learning

Homework gives the opportunity to reinforce what has been covered in lessons, practise a skill or to introduce a new topic.

Teachers are responsible for setting and marking this work in line with the school policy.

## **15.Extended Provision**

We provide a varied menu of activities to support and enrich learning; these include breakfast club and after school clubs such as sport, lego, homework club and crafts.